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CRISTINA RUSU

LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

Caiet pentru clasa a V-a

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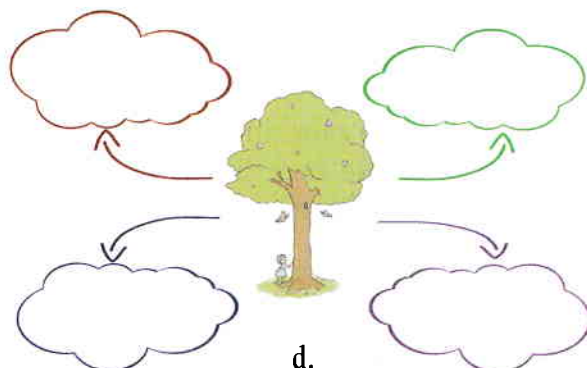
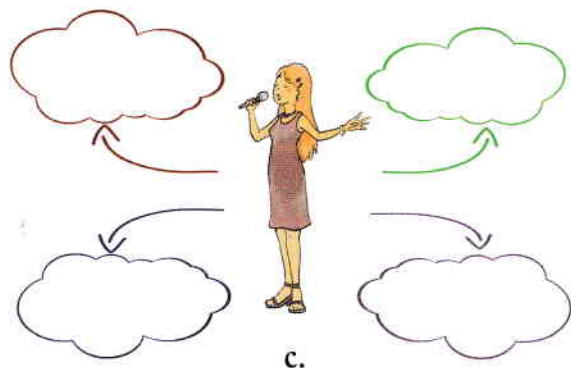
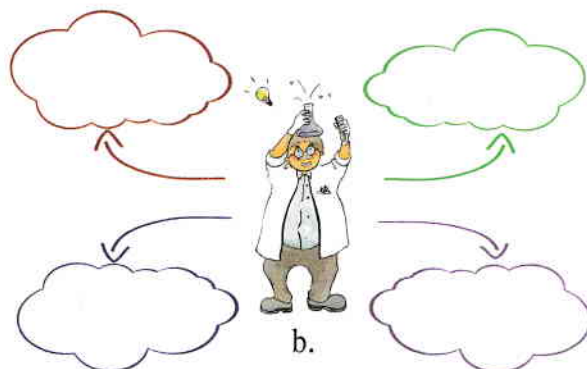
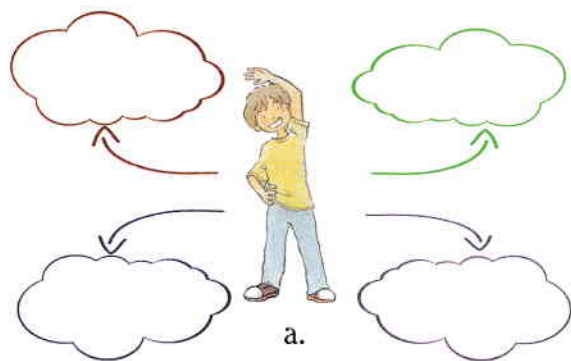
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3. Find adjectives to describe each of the images:



4. Read the following text:

My car and Jim's car are both old. They were made in 1994. They are both very powerful. They have 4-litre engines. They are both very clean and they have new tyres. We bought our tyres together in October.

a. Underline the adjectives in the text above.

b. Now complete the sentences:

My car is Jim's. (*old*)

Jim's car is mine. (*powerful*)

My car is Jim's. (*clean*)

My tyres are Jim's tyres. (*new*)

5. Write down three adjectives about:

a. yourself:,,

b. your house:,,

c. your classroom:,,

d. your friend:,,

e. your favourite actor:,,

f. your favourite book:,,

g. your favourite singer:,,

h. your last winter holiday:,,

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6. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the adjective:

A. equality

I go to a new school. This school is the old one / (nice). The school yard is the old one / (big). The children are the children from the other school / (nice). There is a tree in the yard, and it is the trees in the park / (tall). The classroom where we learn is my old classroom / (large). The new teacher is my former teacher / (young). She smiles all the time.

B. comparative

I am on the beach now. The sun is shining and there are many people here. The waves are than yesterday / (big). The sand is than yesterday / (hot). The water is than yesterday / (warm). There are many fish in the water. They are than the fish you can see in the river / (colourful). My skin is than yesterday / (dark).

C. superlative

I am at the zoo now. In a cage there is a lion. It is animal I know / (dangerous). The giraffe here has neck I have ever seen / (long). The elephant is animal in this zoo / (large). The hippo has skin of all the animals here / (thick). The snake is of all / (poisonous).

7. Look at the two pictures A and B. They are almost the same, but there are 8 differences between them. Spot the differences and complete sentences a to h. Use the adjectives below.

tall ● large ● short ● small ● happy ● short ● spacious ● old



e.g. The dog in picture A is bigger than the tree in picture B.

- The tree in picture A is the tree in picture B.
- The lake in picture B is the lake in picture A.
- The grass in picture B is the grass in picture A.
- The cloud in picture B is the cloud in picture A.
- The child in picture A is the child in picture B.
- The child in picture B is the child in picture A.
- The house in picture A is the house in picture B.
- The car in picture B is the car in picture A.

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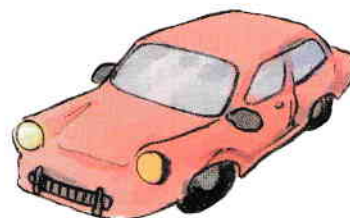
8. a. Answer the following questions:

Which is your favourite means of transport?

How do you travel to school?

How do you travel when you go on holiday?

b. Now look at these means of transport and write 8 sentences to compare the three means of transport in terms of comfort, speed, cost, safety:



e.g. fast / slow: plane / bike: The plane is faster than the bike.

fast / slow:

.....

.....

comfortable:

.....

.....

safe / unsafe:

.....

.....

expensive / cheap:

.....

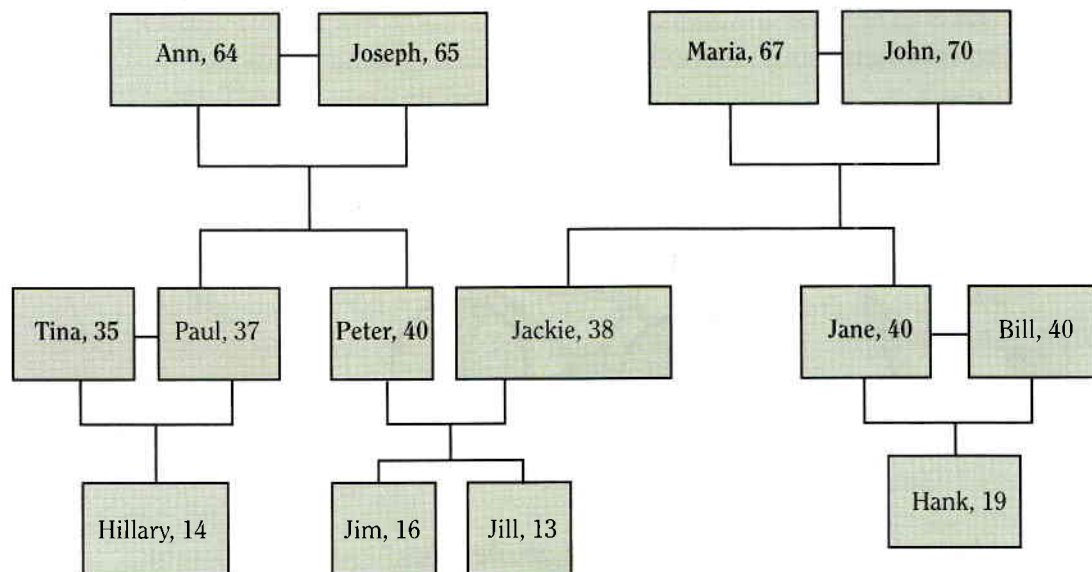
.....

9. Match the sentence halves from column A with those from column B:

A	B
1. An elephant is taller	a. beautiful than the other.
2. This girl is more	b. than other dogs.
3. My schoolbag is as new	c. longest river in Africa.
4. Tom is as intelligent	d. than Tim.
5. The Nile is the	e. than a giraffe.
6. My father is as old	f. nicer than the other.
7. Tom is more intelligent	g. than my uncle.
8. This coat is	h. as Tim.
9. Tina's dog is smarter	i. as yours.
10. My aunt is younger	j. as my mother.

10. This is the Brown family:

Look at the family tree, read the text and complete the sentences below:



Ann is a good cook. Joseph likes reading. He reads a book a day. He is a fast reader. Maria doesn't like cooking, but John does. John likes to read the news every morning. Tina works very long hours, while Jackie only works from 9 to 12 a.m. Jane cannot swim at all, and she has decided to take some swimming lessons. But her son, Hank, is a very good swimmer and he is also very fit. His cousin, Jim, likes to eat a lot and he is not too sporty, to be honest! His cousin, Hillary, is very sporty but she does not learn very much for school, unlike Jill, who is top of her class.

- Aunt Tina is (old / young) aunt Jane.
- Hank is (old / young) Hillary.
- Jill is (old / young) of the children.
- John is (old / young) of the adults.
- Hillary is (fit / unfit) Jim.
- Jill is a student Hillary. (good / bad)
- Jackie is (old / young) Peter.
- Hank is a swimmer Jane. (good / bad)
- Jim eats (much / little) Hank.
- Jackie works Tina. (much / little)
- Ann is a cook Maria. (good / bad)
- Joseph reads books John. (many / few)

11. Circle the right variant:

- In summer, the nights are *longer* / *shorter* than in winter.
- Jim is as *good* / *better* as Tom in Math, but Maria is the *best* / *better* of all.
- The car is *more comfortable* / *comfortable* than the bike.
- I have 4 apples, and you only have three. I have *many* / *more* apples than you.
- Gold is *expensiver* / *more expensive* than silver.
- This dress is as *nice* / *nicer* as the other one.
- An ocean is *largest* / *larger* than a sea.
- A whale is *heavier* / *heavy* than a dolphin.

12. Write a short composition about your family, using at least 10 adjectives in the comparative and superlative.

13. Divide the class into two. Give each half their list of adjectives. They will have to:

- name the opposite of the adjective read out by the opposing team
- give the three forms of the adjective (positive, comparative, superlative)

First, allow them some time to think about opposites and the three forms of their own adjectives. Then, start the game. Each group needs to have a representative who reads one adjective out loud. Those from the opposing team who know the answers will put their hand up. The representative chooses one student (the one who raised his hand first or students that have not answered very much). If all the answer is correct, the group gets 4 points (2 points for the opposite form, 2 points for the three forms). If only one answer is correct, they get two points.

If the other students whisper the answer or misbehave, the group loses 4 points.

14. a. Fill in with one of the words from the pairs below.

amused / amusing • bored / boring • tired / tiring •
relaxed / relaxing • shocked / shocking • frightened / frightening

- The news about the accident was very
- I found the lesson very I almost fell asleep.
- I felt very after the train journey, so I went to sleep.
- They were not very by the joke.
- The spider was big and very

b. Write five sentences using the words you did not choose at point a.

-
-
-
-
-

15. Research time!

Find the correct information in books or on the internet and choose the correct variant:

- The river Nile is *longer* / *shorter* than the Amazon.
- Brazil is *larger* / *smaller* than Australia.
- There are *more* / *fewer* people in China than in the USA.
- A flea can jump *lower* / *higher* than a rabbit.
- The planet Pluto is *colder* / *warmer* than Mercury.
- The Gobi desert is *larger* / *smaller* than the Sahara desert.
- The polar bear lives *more* / *less* than a tortoise.
- The cheetah runs *faster* / *slower* than the lion.
- The elephant is *heavier* / *lighter* than a blue whale.

Your turn!

Make up five sentences like the ones above, and exchange them with your partner to see how much you both know.

16. Choose the correct words from the ones in *italics*:

- Jim is older *as* / *than* Tim, but John is *oldest* / *the oldest* of all.
- This cake is good, but the other is *gooder* / *better*.
- This is the *baddest* / *worst* film ever!
- She is as old *as* / *than* my aunt.
- This house is *biger* / *bigger* than the other one.
- There is *much* / *more* milk in this bottle than in the other one.
- This is the *bad* / *worst* joke in the world!
- Who is *more tall* / *taller*: Mary or Susan?

17. a. Look at the following sentence and choose the correct variant:

She bought a *beautiful giant two hundred-year old square yellow Asian wooden dinner* table.
The order of the adjectives is:

- age, opinion, material, size, colour, shape, origin, purpose
- purpose, opinion, material, age, shape, colour, origin, size
- opinion, size, age, shape, colour, origin, material, purpose
- size, opinion, age, colour, material, shape, purpose, origin

b. Put the adjectives under the correct heading:

nice ● ugly ● red ● silk ● small ● square ● German ● knitting ● leather
● boring ● round ● gold ● tiny ● Romanian ● writing ● young ● calm ●
4 year-old ● huge ● blue ● kind ● cotton ● Chinese ● sleeping ●
middle-aged ● old ● working ● oval ● English ● big ● purple

age	opinion	material	size	colour	shape	origin	purpose

c. Choose the correct variant:

- I bought a jacket.
 - pink lovely new
 - lovely new pink
 - new pink lovely
- My sister has a(n) dog.
 - huge brown intelligent
 - intelligent brown huge
 - intelligent huge brown
- We've got some books.
 - old interesting cookery
 - cookery interesting old
 - interesting old cookery
- My grandfather bought a(n) vase.
 - old Chinese porcelain
 - old porcelain Chinese
 - Chinese old porcelain
- He's got a sheep.
 - fluffy plush white
 - fluffy white plush
 - plush fluffy white

d. Find 10 adjectives. Write them down and add the other two forms (comparative and superlative):

G	O	O	D	R	G	S	ADJECTIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
C	L	E	A	N	F	W			
L	D	C	B	I	A	E			
E	C	M	U	C	H	E			
V	S	E	N	E	W	T			
E	B	A	D	G	T	D			
R	E	F	A	R	S	S			

18. Choose the right variant – a, b or c:

It is sometimes very (1) to go to the mountains in the summer, instead of the seaside.

For example, this year we went to the (2) place ever. It is a valley in the Apuseni mountains, (3) than any I have ever seen.

We put up our tent on a (4) hill near a river. We like the sound of rivers (5) than anything else. We also dug a hole in the ground and we put our food in it. In the morning we went on walks; some walks were longer (6) others, so we were very (7) to take enough food and water with us.

Sometimes we came home early, and sometimes (8) Then we made a (9) campfire. The one who brought the (10) firewood got a prize from my father at the end of the day. We had a lot of fun!

- | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a. nicer | b. nice | c. nicest |
| 2. a. beautiful | b. more beautiful | c. most beautiful |
| 3. a. larger | b. large | c. largest |
| 4. a. smaller | b. small | c. smallest |
| 5. a. most | b. much | c. more |
| 6. a. then | b. as | c. than |
| 7. a. carefully | b. careful | c. carefuller |
| 8. a. latest | b. more late | c. later |
| 9. a. bigger | b. big | c. biggest |
| 10. a. most | b. much | c. more |



2. VERBS

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

PAST	PRESENT	FUTURE
to be: I / he / she / it was you / we / they were Other verbs: Regular verbs: work-worked Irregular verbs: go-went I went, I read Did I go? Did I read? I didn't go. I didn't read.	Simple: I go / he goes Do I go / does he go? I don't go / he doesn't go Continuous: I am / he is / you are going Am I / is he / are we going? I'm not / he isn't / we aren't going	Simple Future: I will / shall go / read Will I go / read? I won't go / read Going-to future: It is going to rain Is it going to rain? It's not going to rain.
<i>I met Jim in the park yesterday.</i> <i>I went to the seaside every summer when I was a child.</i>	<i>I always go to school by bus.</i> <i>I am a student in the fifth grade.</i> <i>The sun rises in the east.</i> <i>I am going to school now.</i>	<i>My grandma will be 70 next month.</i> <i>Look at the black clouds. It's going to rain!</i>

PRACTICE

1. Here is what Mr. Robbins, the famous singer, told a reporter about his life:

I wake up every morning at 7.30. I always go to the park and jog. Then I come home and I usually eat cereals. I also drink a glass of milk. Then I go to the studio and work for 4-5 hours. Every afternoon I sleep and then walk my dog in the park. I never go out in the evening. I always go to bed early. Sometimes I watch a movie or I play on the computer.

- Underline the verbs. What do they mean?
- Choose one of the following verbs and mime it to your partner, who will try to guess what it is. Then exchange roles:
wake up, jog, eat, drink, sleep, walk, watch TV, play on the computer
- How often do you do these things? Tell your partner, using the following time words: *always, in the mornings, in the afternoons, in the evening, at night, every day / week / month / / week-end, never, rarely, often, sometimes.*

2. Use the following prompts to write questions and answers:

a. Paula / go to the seaside / every summer

.....?

Yes,

b. Sam / eat fast food / every week

.....?

No,

c. Tom / chase Jerry / every day

.....?

Yes,

d. the big bad wolf / eat the hunter

.....?

No,

3. Think about five things that are always true. Write them down, using the Present Simple, affirmative or negative.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

Now ask your partner questions to make him guess the right answer. Use the Present Simple in question form.**Example:**You wrote: *The sun rises in the East.* You will ask your partner: *Where does the sun rise?*

Prepare by writing your questions here first:

1.?

2.?

3.?

4.?

5.?

Now start asking your partner the questions.

4. Think about your favourite recipe. First, make a list of the ingredients that you need:Ingredients:

Now, make notes about how to prepare it. Use Present Simple.

First,

Then,

Also,

Finally,

Tell your partner how you prepare it and the things you need for it.